

Mishawaka City Services Facilities Evaluation

David A. Wood, Mayor

The Issue

- The City has multiple public buildings that need to be replaced or significantly renovated in the next five years.
- These include City Hall, Mishawaka Utilities Business Office, and the Police Station.
- The availability of the Liberty Mutual Building has accelerated the City's due diligence and has presented an opportunity to create a City Services Building that would house all three building functions.

Honest Evaluation

- Excited about opportunity. Although, our initial impression was that the Liberty Mutual Building was too large. It wasn't until Mayor Wood suggested including the Police Station needs in the evaluation that it was worth considering.
- Important not to latch on to Liberty Mutual building without evaluating multiple scenarios
- Whatever decision is made, we need to have a general consensus on how to proceed- This is one of our larger decisions that will shape how City services are provided and the redevelopment of Downtown Mishawaka for generations to come.

Project Goals

- Facilities need to better serve the public!
- Up to date regarding technology and current demands/uses
- Some flexibility to allow for growth and changes over time
- Be as efficient as possible on expenditures
- Create a long term (50 year) solution
- Look at the ability to shape our continued redevelopment efforts

Presentation Outline

- Analysis of existing City facilities- City Hall, MU Business Office, and Police Station
- **Due Diligence-** City Needs Assessment
- Review of Liberty Mutual Building- Space evaluation relative to needs
- **Planning Considerations-** How consolidation can change the redevelopment of the downtown
- Estimated Cost Evaluation- Discuss general costs of building new or renovating
- Recommendation and process- Next Steps

Contributing Factors

- The City's Population in 1980 was roughly 40,000 people
- The estimated 2020 population will be roughly 50,000 people
- Growth of 10,000 people over 40 years (25%) If we continue at the same slow and steady pace that has existed since after World War II (population a little over 30,000), the City's population will be over 60,000 people in the next 40 years
- That is only 250 people a year! At 1% growth (500 people per year) we would likely exceed 70,000 people over that time.

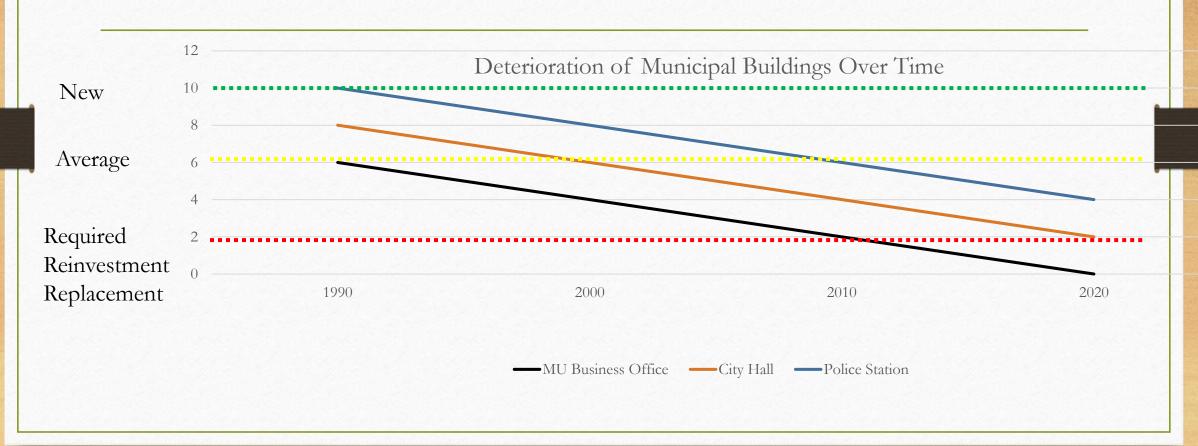
Contributing Factors

- Technology continues to drive changes to our delivery of services
- When Mishawaka Utilities Business Office was built, it was before copy machines
- When City Hall was constructed, computers were new and infrequently used
- When the Police Station was built, it was before the wide use of the internet, and laptops in cars.

When to reinvest in facilities?

- The City prides itself on being fiscally conservative
- In terms of overhead, we get everything we can out of our administrative facilities before we reinvest in them.
- There has to be a significant need or cost benefit.
- Our motto is to get by with what we have while we can continue to provide a high level of service. Parks versus my office (residential- TV versus roof)
- Municipal Buildings are the face of our City- Nice, functional, but never opulent.

General Lifecycle of Municipal Facilities 30-40 Years



When to reinvest in facilities?

- By combining City Services, the goal would be to set all three current facilities at level 10 as of 2020-2021
- In terms of major renovations, the goal is that significant reinvestment would not need to occur again until after 2040. (level 6)
- Based on our past history, it could go longer.
 - Police Station 25 years
 - City Hall- 35 years
 - Mishawaka Utilities Business Office- +50 years

Analysis of Existing Facilities







City Hall





City Hall

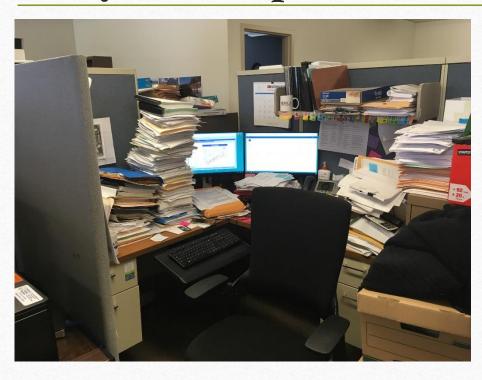
- Retrofitted from former Bingham Elementary School-occupied in 1986
- In a residential neighborhood east of downtown
- Building is beyond capacity for certain Departments, with all Departments making compromises regarding space
- Department locations have been relocated repeatedly to try and address space and function issues
- Limited by classroom silos
- Council Chamber and Board Room size inadequate for larger events/hearings
- Basement storage has no elevator access
- Furnishings and décor dated and only replaced when worn out

City Hall- Public Meeting Room Capacity





City Hall-Space Limitations





City Hall- Use of Hallway





City Hall-Building Testing and Breakroom





City Hall- Storage and Filing







City Hall- Third Street Entrance/Building Flow







City Hall- Opportunity to Purge





Mishawaka Utilities Business Office





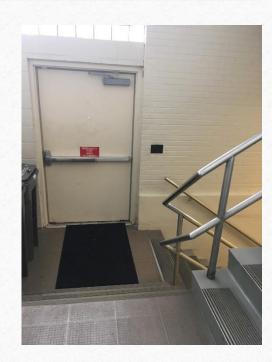
Mishawaka Utilities Business Office

- 1950's Era Construction
- No Elevators. Large portions of the basement and second floor are either vacant or used for storage based on the lack of accessibility and condition of the space
- The building continues to have on-going maintenance issues based on age and deferred maintenance/renovation
- No public restroom
- Inadequate lobby for privacy and service
- No room to introduce current technology such as payment kiosks (BMV Model)

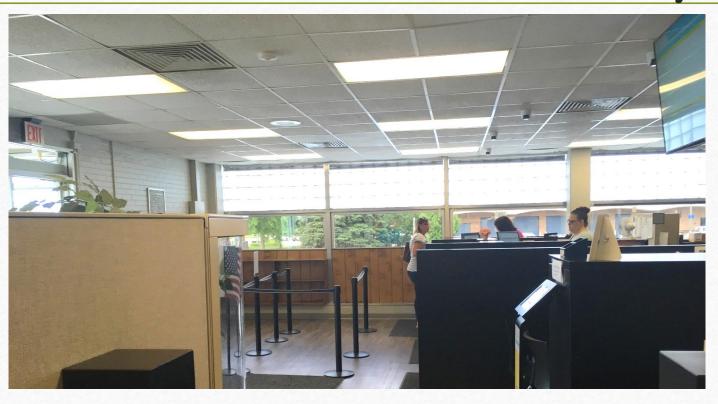
Mishawaka Utilities Business Office- ADA Access







Mishawaka Utilities Business Office-Lobby

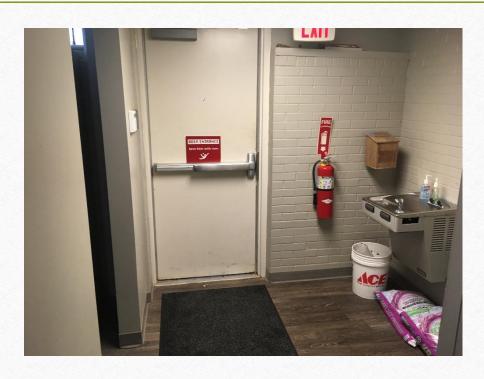


Mishawaka Utilities Business Office- Basement Storage



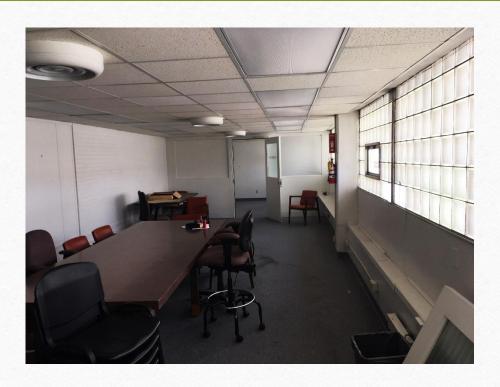


Mishawaka Utilities Business Office-Space Issues





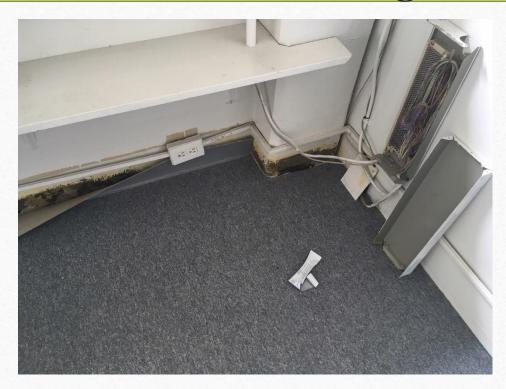
Mishawaka Utilities Business Office- 2nd Floor





Mishawaka Utilities Business Office- Building Condition





Mishawaka Utilities Business Office- Building Condition





Police Station





Police Station

- Completed in 1995 Has served the City well!
- The building currently has expensive end of life maintenance needs including a roof and the HVAC system.
- Needs of the Police Department have changed- More female officers, computerization, and more technology (less desks/offices more field reporting)
- Increased need for training in the building including with other Departments
- Increased emphasis on fitness and providing the capability to workout on site
- The number of officers has grown over time. As the City grows, there will be more officers. The building is currently limited spatially. Need for an addition is likely over time.

Police Station- Tower, View, Need for Restricted Parking



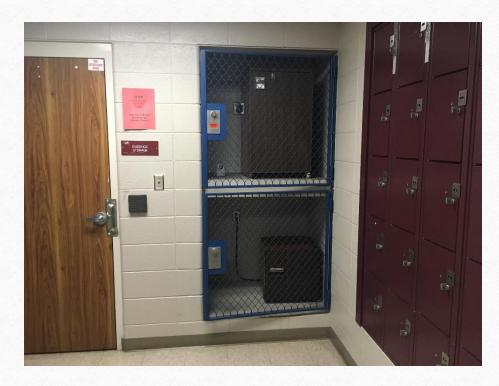


Police Station- Moving Memorial/Development Opportunity





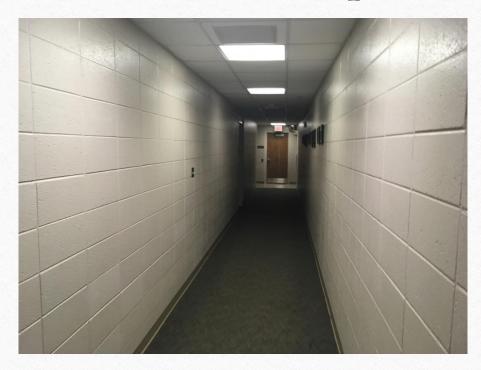
Police Station- Purpose Built/Hard to Repurpose





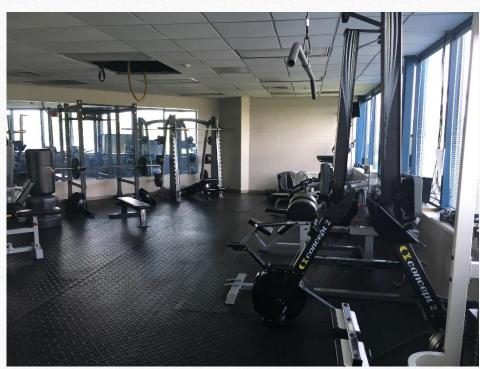


Police Station-Purpose Built/Hard to Repurpose





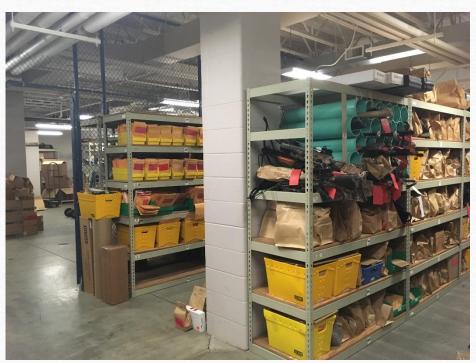
Police Station- Fitness and Training Room

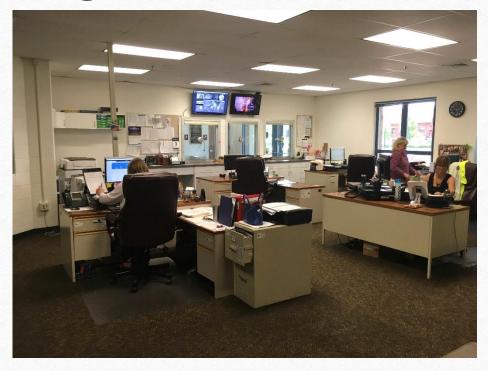




Current Challenges

Police Station- Evidence Storage and Records





Current Challenges

Police Station- Changing with the times





Due Diligence- City Needs Assessment



- Before we could look at renovation and/or replacement of existing facilities, we needed to study our current needs
- The City contracted with Alliance Architects to prepare a needs assessment looking at each Department, Building, how the Departments are functioning relative to each building and office.
- Every Department Head was consulted and filled out a questionnaire. Staff was involved as determined by the Department Head.
- Alliance evaluated each space in person and reviewed the floor plans of existing buildings.

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- As the City has evolved, it has resulted in a non standardization of offices and cubicles.
- Classrooms mean that some Departments are larger than needed and some smaller
- Since this was just looking at space and not a building, all Department heads and cubicles were made a standard size based on function.

- Items such as kitchenettes and break rooms were looked at to serve multiple departments.
- Efficiency is assumed to be gained in support areas (hallways, stairs, elevators, etc.) 34.5% to 30%
- Adjacency between Departments were studied (Planning and Engineering, the Clerks Office and the Council Chambers)
- All were asked to consider growth with reasonable projections

Mishawaka Utilities Business Office

One of Two							
IISHAWAKA UTILITIES							
Office (General Manager)	1	335	335	1	180	180	
Office Manager	1	225	225	1	180	180	
Office (Billing Manager)	2	225	450	1	120	120	
Office (Payment Processing)	1	245	245	1	180	180	
Office (IT)	1	200	200	1	120	120	
Coffee Bar	1	200	200	-	-	-	Use Common
Data Processing Office (Cubicles)	4		650	4	90	360	

Mishawaka Utilities Business Office

Two of Two								
Drop Box/Kiosk	-	-	-		1	150	150	
Cubicle Area	6		960		6	90	540	
Customer Service Area	8		575		8	90	720	
Waiting	1	550	550		1	750	750	
Vault	1	100	100		1	30	30	
Supply Closet (Storage)	1	96	96		1	30	30	
Basement (Storage)	1	3,800	3,800		1	1,000	1,000	
		_		8,386		_		4,360

CONTROLLER									
Controller's Office	1	120	120		1	180	180		
Deputy Controller	1	105	105		1	120	120		
Purchasing Agent Office	1	140	140		1	120	120		
Break Room	1	100	100		-	-	-		Use Common
Storage Room	1	50	50		1	240	240		
Storage Room	1	200	200		-	-	-		
Cubicle Area	6		645		8	90	720		
State Board of Accounts	1		175		2	90	180		
Waiting	1	120 _	120		1	120	120		
				1,655				1,680	

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CODE ENFORCEMENT								
Office (Director)	1		144		1	180	180	
Cubicle Area	4		550		4	110	440	
Coat Closet	1	4	4		1	4	4	
Kitchenette	1	12	12		1	12	12	
Waiting	1	180	180		1	120	120	
				890				756

MAYOR'S OFFICE								
Secretary & Waiting Area	1	200	200		1	180	180	
Waiting	1	120	120		1	120	120	
Mayor's Suite	1	230	230		1	360	360	
Mayor's Toilet Room	1	30	30		1	50	50	
Storage (Coat Closet)	2	7	14		2	7	14	
Kitchenette	2	9	18		2	9	18	
Conference Room	1	180	180		1	240	240	
Office (Mayor's Assistant)	1	200	200		1	180	180	
Storage (Basement)	1	180	180		1	180	180	
				1,172				1,342

Clerk's Office	1	190	190	1	240	240	
Cubicle Area	3		260	3	90	270	
Storage (Fireproof)	1	120	120	1	240	240	
Storage (Basement)	1	153	153	-	-	-	
Waiting	1	128	128	1	120	120	

COMMON COUNCIL								
Council Chamber	1	1,800	1,800		1	3,000	3,000	Seat 150
Council Conference Room	1	400	400		1	360	360	
Coat/Sink	1	100	100		1	100	100	
Storage (Clerk/Council)	1	140	140		1	140	140	
Storage (Law Library)	1	140	140		-	-	-	Not Used
Storage (Coat Closet)	1	22	22		1	22	22	
Kitchenette	1	15	15		1	15	15	
Council Office	-	-	-		1	500	500	
Waiting	-				1	120	120	
				2,617				4,257

LAW DEPARTMENT & HUMAN RESOURCE	S								
Office	2	105	210		2	120	240		
Director Office	1	212	212		1	180	180		
City Attorney Office	1	180	180		1	180	180		
Break Area/Storage	1	140	140		-	-	-		Use Common
Cubicle Area	1		355		3	90	270		
Waiting	1	175	175		1	240	240		
Work Area	-	-	-		1	120	120		
Storage	-				1	100	100		
			_	1,272				1,330	

CITY PLANNING									
City Planner's Office	1	125	125		1	180	180		
Office (Grant Manager)	1	90	90		1	120	120		
Inspector's Office	2		295		-	-	-		Moved to Cubicle
Conference Room	1	180	180		1	240	240		
Cubicle Area	4		600		8	110	880		
Waiting	1	150	150		1	120	120		
Storage/Basement	1	300	300		-	-	-		
Storage	-				1	480	480		
				1,740				2,020	

CITY HALL									
Lobby (Grand Civic Space)	1	360	360		1	3,000	3,000	Include Displa	es Historical v
Break Room (Shared)	1	235	235		1	900	900		
Board Room	1	575	575		1	600	600		
Services Lobby ("One Stop Shopping")	-		-		2	450	900		
			_	1,170				5,400	

ENGINEERING/GIS									
Waiting	1	200	200		1	120	120		
City Engineer's Office	1	185	185		1	180	180		
Cubicle Area	7		800		11	110	1,210		
Kitchenette	1	80	80		1	80	80		
Storage	1	178	178		1	750	750		
Storage	1	230	230		-	-	-		
Plotter/Workroom	1	178	178		1	300	300		
GIS Plotter/Work Room	1	175	175		-	-	-		Shared Plot Room
GIS	2		212		2	110	220		
Meeting Space	1	265	265		1	240	240		
				2,503			_	3,100	
									+24%

Secretary	1	175	175	1	190	190	
Office	1	145	145	1	180	180	
Cubicle Area	2		205	3	110	330	
Kitchenette/Meeting Space	1	120	120	1	180	180	
Waiting	1	75	75	1	120	120	

IT DEPARTMENT									
Office (Director)	1	146	146		1	180	180		
Break/Meeting Room	1	156	156		1	120	120		
Cubicle Area	4		462		6	90	540		
Server Closet (PD)	1	146	146		1	300	300		Combine Server
Server Closet (City Hall)	1	415	415		-	-	-		
Storage (Mishawaka Utilities)	1	500	500		1	1,000	1,000		
Computer Technology (PD)	1	178	178		1	300	300		
Help Desk	1	172	172		-		-		Moved to Cubicle
				2,175		_		2,440	

POLICE DEPARTMENT									
Common									
Vestibule	1	150	150		1	150	150		
Lobby/Atrium	1	340	340		1	1,500	1,500		Shared w/Records & Other Public
Men's Room	2	156	312		-	-	-		Building Common
Women's Room	2	156	312		-	-	-		Building Common
		_		1,114		_		1,650	

Records	6		800		11	110	1,210		
Service Asst. Chief's Office	1	190	190		1	180	180		
Supply Room	1	105	105		1	100	100		
Dead Records Storage	1	384	384		-	-	-		Moved to Evidence
Media Room	1	133	133		1	120	120		
Public Men's Room	1	50	50		1	60	60		
Public Women's Room	1	50	50		1	60	60		
Records Storage	1	507	507		-	-	-		Underutilized Space
Sm. & Lrg. Evidence Stor. (Blood Rm.)	1	2,366	2,366		1	5,000	5,000		
Evidence Lockers	1	143	143		1	240	240		
Property Clerk's Office	1	138	138		1	120	120		
Guns & Drug Vault	1	104	104		2	180	360		
Evidence Technology	1	195	195		-	-	-		Combined w/Uniform Report
Evidence Storage	1	87	87		-				Combined w/Uniforn Report
				5,252				7,450	

+42%

Holding/Booking									
Toilet Room (Booking)	1	47	47		1	60	60		
Breathalyzer	1	114	114		1	90	90		
Booking Area	1	242	242		1	240	240		
Holding Cell	5	76	380		6	60	360		Reduce Holding Cell Size
Interview Room	1	78	78		3	75	225		
Prisoner Receiving Bay	2	317.5	635		2	400	800		
Evidence Bay	1	317.5	317.5		3	400	1,200		
				1,814				2,975	

Locker Rooms/Exercise								
Women's Locker/Shower Room	1	267	267		1	720	720	
Men's Locker Room	1	670	670		1	720	720	
Men's Shower Area	1	342	342		1	360	360	
Unisex Shower/Toilet	-	-	-		1	75	75	
Exercise Room	1	780	780		1	1,500	1,500	Double Room Size
Mat Room	-	-	-		-	-	-	Off-Site
		_		2,059		_		3,375

One of Two

Offices/Training/Report/Roll							
Uniform Roll Call Room	1	656	656	1	840	840	Add Storage (Tables/Chairs)
Uniform Report	1	340	340	1	600	600	Includes Evidence Prep
Office (Secretary)	2	148	296	2	120	240	
Lounge/Break Room	1	540	540	1	240	240	Encourage use at Shared Break Room
Receiving/Lobby	1	668	668	-	-	-	
Waiting (Chief)	1	270	270	1	120	120	
Office (Chief)	1	305	305	1	240	240	
Chief Storage (Personnel Files)	1	85	85	1	100	100	
Chief's Toilet Room	1	34	34	1	50	50	
Work/Copy Area	1	48	48	1	60	60	
Office (Asst. Chief)	1	198	198	1	180	180	
Kitchenette	1	130	130	1	120	120	
Office (Captain's)	5	170	850	5	120	600	
Office (K-9 & Lt.)	2	130	260	-	-	-	
K-9 Storage	-	-	-	1	100	100	

Two of Two

Offices/Training/Report/Roll									
Cubicles (Combining DARE, LT., Traffic,									
Net, K-9 & Training)	-	-	-		10	90	900		
Office (Training)	1	152	152		-	-	-		
Gun Cleaning Room	1	106	106		1	80	80		
Office (Street Crime)	1	315	315		1	360	360		Verify
Food Pantry	1	72	72		1	80	80		
Training	1	1,848	1,848		1	2,000	2,000		Seat 100 (Tables/ Chairs)
Chair/Table Storage	1	326	326		1	300	300		
Office (Net)	1	224	224		-	-	-		See Cubicle
DARE Office	1	284	284		-	-	-		See Cubicle
Office (Traffic)	1	298	298		-	-	-		See Cubicle
Storage (Traffic)	1	120	120		1	120	120		
Internal Audit	2	105	210		2	120	240		
		_		8,635				7,570	-12%

Detective Bureau									See Det. Bureau
Juvenile Aid Bureau (Detectives)	1	392	392		-	-	-		Cubicles
Conference Room	1	234	234		1	360	360		
DB Interview Room	2	125	250		-	-	-		Move Holding/ Interview
Detective Bureau Cubicles	1		1,000		15	90	1,350		
Office (Secretary)	1	141	141		1	120	120		
DB Locker Room	1	75	75		1	80	80		Unisex
Men's Toilet Room	1	47	47		-	-	-		Common
Women's Toilet Room	1	47	47		-	-	-		Common
Asst. Chief Office	1	198	198		1	180	180		
Det. Roll Call	1	200	200		-	-	-		Use Shared Conf. Room
Kitchenette	1	10	10		1	10	10		
				2,594				2,100	
									4

-19%

Summary- Existing Buildings

Mishawaka Utilities Business Office-

Basement = 5,721 First Floor = 5,823 <u>Second Floor = 3,927</u>

Total = 15,471

City Hall

Basement = 3,705

First Floor = 13,100

Second Floor = 11,314 (excludes upper level of council chambers)

Total = 28,119

Summary- Existing Buildings

Police -Police

First Floor = 17,279

Second Floor = 15,327 (excludes atrium)

Total = 32,606

Summary

City Hall= 28,119 Mishawaka Utilities = 15,471

Police Station = 32,606

Total = 76,196

Summary- Minimum "Use/Net" Needs

	Current	Needed	Difference
Mishawaka Utilities Business Office	8,386 Sq. Ft.	4,360 Sq. Ft.	-4,026 Sq. Ft. (-48%)
City Hall	16,765 Sq. Ft.	24,195 Sq. Ft.	7,430 Sq. Ft. (44%)*
Police Station	21,468 Sq. Ft.	25,120 Sq. Ft.	3,652 Sq. Ft. (17%)*

^{*} Information Technology is currently located in Police and has been moved to City Hall (2,440 Sq. Ft of Need) If kept consistent City Hall needs 4,990 square feet, the Police Department needs 6,092 Sq. Ft.

Summary- Minimum (Gross) Needs

	Current Area	Minimum Need
TOTAL NET AREA	46,619	53,675
TOTAL SUPPORT AREA (34.5%)	34.5%24,585_	30.0% 23,004
TOTAL GROSS AREA	71,203	76,679

80,000

Square Feet/Build New Estimate

100 Lincolnway West (Owner Estimate 93,556 Square Feet)





100 Lincolnway West





Evaluation

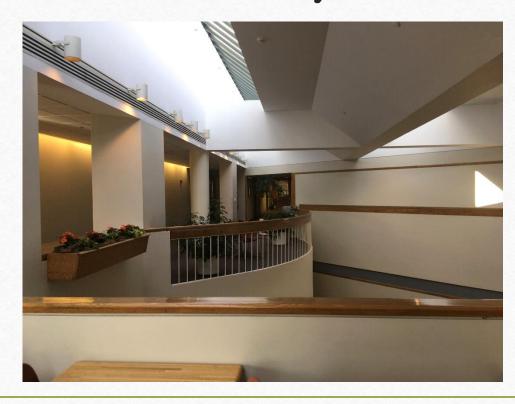
GENERAL BUILDING REVIEW

The building was built in 1984 and occupied in 1985. Over the years, the building has been well maintained and is in good to fair condition for a 34-year-old building. Obsolete systems have been updated over this period (rooftop air handlers, emergency generator), and where appropriate, modernization has occurred (elevators, computer room equipment).

Generally, the building interior finishes are in need of updating and refreshing. Additional major modernization/renovation should include windows, skylights, landscape walls, VAV zones, air handling equipment, LED lights, IT infrastructure, and security/access control systems.

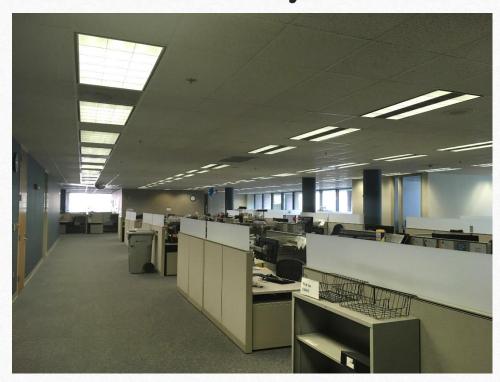


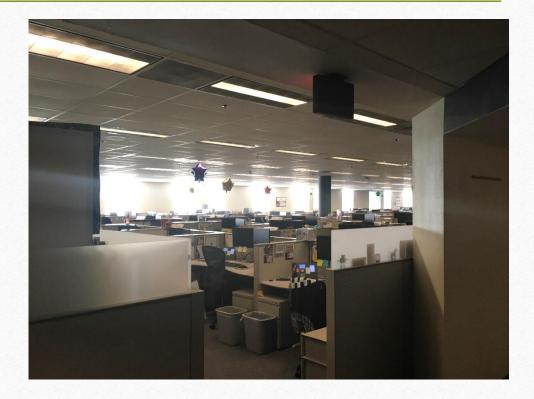
100 Lincolnway West





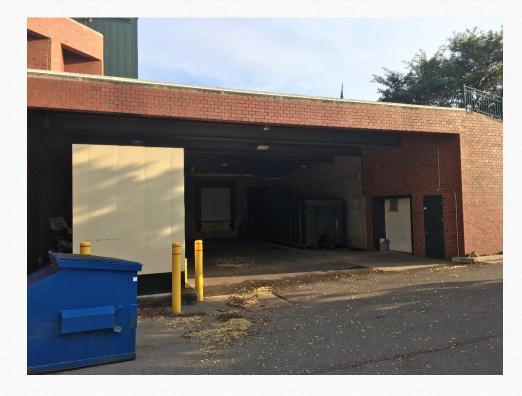
100 Lincolnway West





100 Lincolnway West





Evaluation- Roof and Exterior

Exterior Building Envelope

Roofs occur on five different levels with the largest roof at the third highest level. The highest level is above the stair to the roof; two lower levels occur at the northeast corner where the building steps back; and the final level is over the dock. The third level has been broken down into two areas based on history. The center portion of the third level (2,520 s.f.) was replaced in late 2013. All the remaining roof levels (33,438 s.f.) are 18 or 19 years old and in fair condition. Except for the center roof, these roofs are approaching the end of their useful life and should be scheduled for replacement in 2-5 years.

The exterior brick on the building is a clay brick. Generally, the brick is in good condition with very few cracked brick. Control joints have been recently replaced with new sealant. Stone sills and coping are in good condition but dirty. Metal caps and coping appear to be newer and are in good to fair condition.

Evaluation- Windows

The skylights appear to be original. There is evidence of leaks and attempts to stop the leaks using sealant. We believe the windows and skylights have reached the end of their useful life and should be replaced.







Evaluation-Site

There are numerous brick/concrete retaining walls around the site. All walls with uneven backfill (retaining) are showing signs of deterioration due to moisture. In many cases, extensive repairs should be planned for soon.



Evaluation- Elevators

ELEVATORS

There are two hydraulic elevators, one 5,000-pound and one 4,000-pound. As with the rest of the building, the elevators and equipment appear to be well maintained. Assuming the new owner will obtain a "full maintenance" agreement before occupying the building, no major renovation will be necessary for 20-25 years after the most recent renovation in 2013.

Evaluation- Plumbing and Fire Suppression

EXISTING PLUMBING SYSTEMS EVALUATION

The plumbing systems are in general good condition. We were unable to determine with certainty if the fixtures have been upgraded to low flow; however, given the style, it is unlikely. The wall-hung urinals and wall-hung (rear discharge) water closets utilize proximity sensor automatic flush valves. Plumbing fixtures may be considered if the bathrooms are renovated; however, it is not required.

The building has a three-tank water softening system which primarily serves the hot water system. There are two electric storage-type water heaters with a recirculating pump serving the building's hot water needs.



Evaluation- Heating, Cooling, Air Handling

Liberty Mutual has reported that there were times this past winter when the heating system was unable to keep up consistently. These periods coincided with the abnormally cold period experience in January. They were able to limit the effects of the cold weather by adjusting the operating conditions, but still experienced some issues on the very coldest of days. Though the cold weather in January was abnormal, local weather has had more variability recently than it did historically. We recommend looking at potential options to upgrade the heating capacity. If alternative heat sources are considered as a result of the above review of heating operational costs, this would be an incremental increase in cost. Preliminary electrical consumption data indicates that additional electrical resistance heating is also possible with the current electrical service and generator.

The AHU's are the furthest through their useful life cycle. They project a useful life of 20 to 30 years, with approximately 5 to 10 years remaining. The chillers were replaced approximately 15 years ago and have a projected life of 25 to 30 years, with 10 to 15 years remaining. We recommend budgeting to replace the AHU's.



Evaluation- Electric and Emergency Generator

The building originally had a generator that served only emergency loads. Approximately ten years ago, this generator system was upgraded to include the entire facility. In addition, there is an Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS) that supplies all current critical loads, ensuring that these devices are able to run even while the generator is starting. The generator is located to the side of the loading dock at the ground floor. It is well maintained and tested regularly. This generator runs on diesel fuel, with a fuel tank mounted at the bottom of the unit.

The existing electric service is in good condition. Both the service transformer and the generator are rated for 1,000 kVA at 480v, three phase. There are multiple 120/208v step-down transformers throughout the building for receptacle and specific 120v loads. Including safety factors, the service will support 9W/s.f. of load. This is suitable for anticipated loads and should not require upgrade or replacement.



Evaluation- Lighting and Costs

LIGHT FIXTURE ENERGY ANALYSIS

Using a baseline lighting power density based on the existing T8 fluorescent light fixtures, converting to LED light fixtures and incorporating occupancy controls, we estimate an energy savings of \$55,000 to \$65,000 annually on electric utility services. This reflects a reduction of power density from 1.9 watts per square foot to 0.7 watts per square foot. The Mishawaka Utilities published rate of \$0.12/kWh was utilized.

Evaluation- Environmental Issues

- Decommissioned Fuel Tank- With "No Further Action Letter" obtained in 2016
- Historically, two gas stations existed at Mill and Lincolnway on the site. These were removed. No documentation on closures were provided based on the date of the transaction between the City and Liberty Mutual in the early 80's
- Vermiculite may exist on the fireproofing in the building
- Air Quality was tested in the building- No "Air" moisture or mold problems were identified

Building Concepts







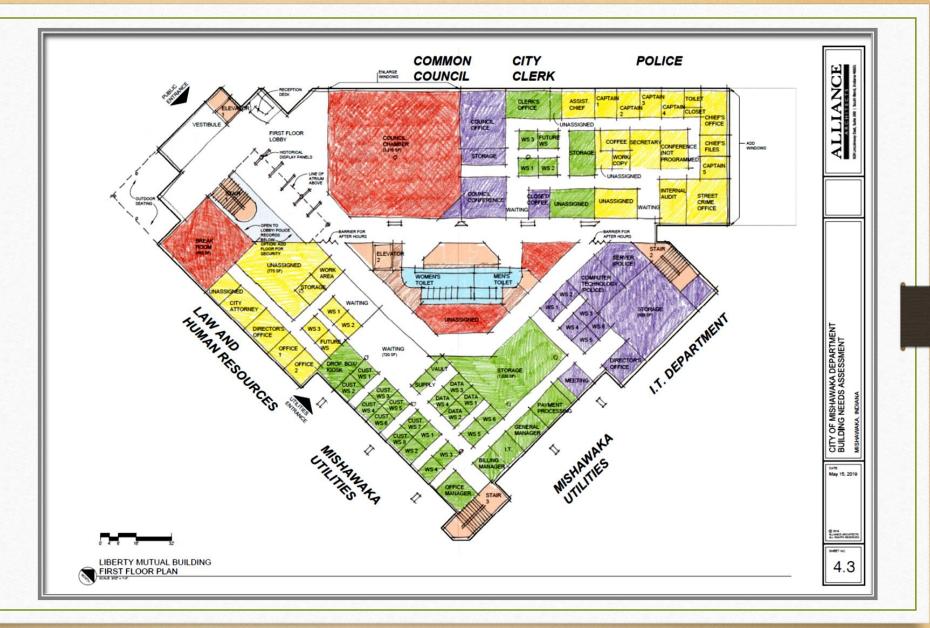
Concept Floor Plans

Ground Floor
Police and Access



Concept Floor Plans 1st Floor

Main Entry
Displays
Police Offices
Mishawaka Utilities
Council Chambers
Clerk
IT



Concept Floor Plans 2nd Floor

Mayor

Controller

Engineering

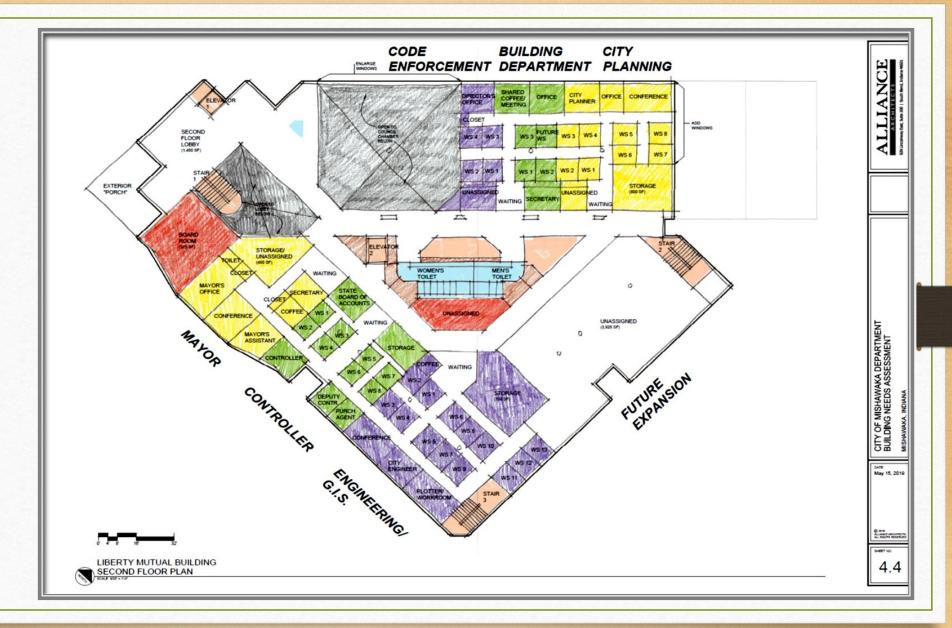
GIS

Code

Building

Planning

Expansion



Building Concepts



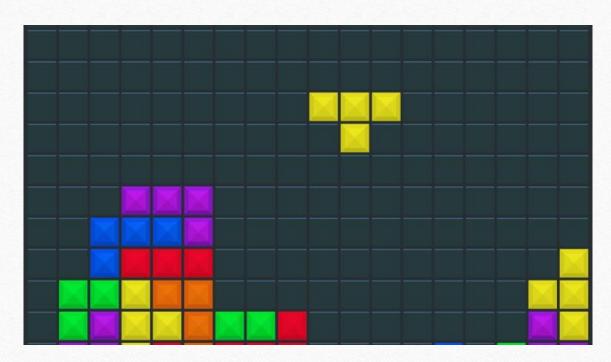
BUILDING LOBBY SKETCH



COUNCIL CHAMBER SKETCH

Planning Considerations

The Big Picture- Constantly Evolving



Planning Considerations- Big Potential Advantages!



Planning Considerations

Location, Location, Location

- The Liberty Mutual Building being located at Main Street and Lincolnway would place City Government appropriately at the center of the historic downtown, reusing a soon to be vacant "difficult" building
- Opens up the entire block bordered by Mill Street, Front Street, Spring Street and First Street for Comprehensive Redevelopment
- Opens up very large parking lot for shared use. Walking distance to Beutter Park, the soon to be created Ironworks Plaza, the Riverwalk, many downtown businesses and restaurants, and will help encourage more evening and weekend uses to develop.
- Would allow for the potential re-establishment of Mill Street from Lincolnway to First Street

Current Redevelopment







Parking and Transportation Plan

Potential Redevelopment



Planning Considerations

Assessed Valuation Impacts and Cost Considerations

- Liberty Mutual Represents 5.6 Million dollars in assessed valuation and pays over \$220,000 in taxes per year.
- Unlike Uniroyal, impact should not be felt by taxing entities
- Flaherty and Collins Project completing later this year, minimum taxes of \$580,000 per year
- Based on estimated investment costs for current development proposals, future development opportunities created from the purchase of Liberty Mutual should have a higher assessed valuation and greater tax revenue when compared to keeping existing City locations.
- Tax base/Redevelopment will take time to be created (long view is required)

Assessed Valuation Potential Impacts



Cost Considerations

More than one time expense- Long Term Impacts



Negotiated Purchase Price

- History of how we got here
- Offered at current assessed valuation \$5,625,200
- Assessed valuation is typically less than appraised value
- Architects Estimate came as a surprise, competing with new construction
- NAI Cressy used as broker to negotiate
- For many factors, negotiated reduced price \$2,350,000
- Still will need to be appraised

Estimated Renovation Costs

WORK DESCRIPTION			COST
1.	Demolish loading area and garage. Relocate generator to northeast corner of the site. $ \\$	\$	150,000
2.	Construct initial phase site improvements, including Police Memorial Plaza, secure parking areas and second floor porch.	\$	350,000
3.	Remove structure to achieve two-story high spaces for Council Chamber and atrium expansion. $ \\$	\$	50,000
4.	Building envelope improvements. Include in-kind roof, skylight and window replacements.	\$	1,200,000
5.	Interior reconfiguration and improvements. Include in-kind replacements of plumbing fixtures, lighting fixtures and mechanical equipment. Include replacement of all floor, wall and ceiling finishes and doors, frames and hardware. Include new casework, toilet partitions and signage. (92,000 SF x $\$95/SF$)	\$	8,740,000
6.	Complete demolition and basic improvements to "mothball" unassigned space on second floor. Defer interior reconfiguration to a future phase. (4,000 SF x \pm 30/SF)	\$	120,000
7.	Facade improvement upgrades. Include new window openings. (Allowance)	\$	1,000,000
8.	IT infrastructure allowance. (92,000 SF x \$10/SF)	\$	920,000
	SUBTOTAL	\$	12,530,000
9.	Architect/Engineer fees (7%).	\$	877,000
10.	Contingency (10%).	\$	1,250,000
	TOTAL	\$	14,657,000

FUTURE PROJECTS						
11.	Reconstruct Mill Street and construct new City Hall Plaza, including associated retaining walls, stairway and landscaping.	\$	1,500,000- 2,000,000			
12.	Parking deck.	\$	TBD			
NOT INCLUDED						
13.	Upgrade mechanical equipment to gas hydronic system. (96,000 SF x $$25/SF$) Include work at unassigned space on second floor.	\$	2,400,000			
14.	Furniture, fixtures and equipment allowance. (92,000 SF x $\$20/SF$)	\$	1,840,000			
15.	Building purchase price.	\$	TBD			

Estimated Police Station Only Renovation

- Existing Police Station- 32,306 Square Feet
- Addition Required- +/-10,000 Square Feet
- New Building size- 42,000 Square Feet

Estimated Police Station Only Renovation

 Police Station Addition- 	10,000Sq. Ft.
--	---------------

10,000Sq. Ft. x \$250 (2.50 Million)

• Remodel 32,000 Sq. Ft. -

32,000 x \$100 (3.20 Million)

• HVAC @ \$25 per Sq. Ft.

42,000 x 25

(1.05 Million)

• Roof Replacement

\$150,000

(0.15 Million)

Soft Costs

@15% of 6.9 Million (1.04 Million)

Total Cost

7.94 Million

Estimated City Hall Business Office Only Renovation

New Building size-

40,000 Square Feet

• 40,000 x \$240=

9.6 Million

Site Acquisition/Work

1.0 Million

• Soft Costs 15%

1.4 Million

Total Cost

12 Million

Estimated City Hall Business Office Only Renovation With Police Station Only Renovation

Police Station -

7.96 Million

• City Hall/MU Business =

12 Million

Total Cost

19.96 Million

Total Project Cost Comparison

Renovation Costs

Renovation-

\$14,700,000

Building Purchase-

\$2,350,000

Mechanical-

\$2,400,000

Soft Costs-

\$400,000

• Total-

\$19,850,000

New Construction (All 3 buildings)

• Acquisition/Site- \$1,500,000

• New Construction- 18,400,000

(80,000 @ \$240 Square Foot)

Total-

\$19,900,000

Energy Costs

City Services Building Study- Utility Analysis over 12-month period (generally from 2018)

Utility	City Hall	Police Station	Mishawaka Utilities Business Office	Existing 100,000sf Office	<u>Difference</u>		
Electric	\$35,000	\$67,284	\$22,200	\$241,920	+117,436		
Gas	\$7,295	\$9,330	N/A	N/A	-16,625		
<i>(</i> 2)							
Water/fire/sprinkling	\$4,000	\$3,450	\$2,100	\$12,000	+2,450		
Wastewater	\$10,600	\$4,900	\$3,750	\$20,657	+1,407		
	,,	, ,,	1-7		-,		
Street/Parking Light	\$850.00	?	?	\$800	-50		
Yearly Cost	57,745	84,964	28,050 (Total- 170,759)	275,377	\$104,618 (Additional funding required per year)		
Estimate from Alliance on Natural Gas Conversion \$2,400,000							
Estimated Gas per year costs once converted \$25,000							

Other Positive Cost Implications

- 250 Public Parking Spaces (\$5,000 a space)-
- Additional Assessed Valuation/Tax Revenue-

\$1,250,000

+\$100,000/year

Funding Options

- Don't do the project and defer capital costs to the future
- Referendum, raise taxes outside of the current property tax caps
- Issue a TIF only bond- Downside, significantly reduces the ability to do improvement projects over time. (Only Proactive Economic Development Tool)
- TIF (cash) and Utility Bond- Takes advantage of current availability of funds without the long term increase of taxes or utility rates

Potential TIF Funding (First Costs)

• Purchase: \$2,350,000

• Soft Costs: \$400,000

• Architectural Fees- \$900,000

Miscellaneous - \$1,000,000

• Total- \$4,650,000

• Future projects: including the road, sitework, and redevelopment would all likely be paid from TIF over time

Potential Utility Bond (Starting end of 2020)

Bond Costs:

• Estimated bond period:

• Estimated Interest Rate:

• Interest Cost:

Total Cost

Total Cost Per Year-

\$16,000,000

15 Years

 $4^{0}/_{0}$

5.3 Million

21.3 Million

\$1,420,000

Potential Utility Bond (Starting end of 2020)

Bond Costs:

• Estimated bond period:

• Estimated Interest Rate:

• Interest Cost:

Total Cost

Total Cost Per Year-

\$16,000,000

15 Years

 $4^{0}/_{0}$

5.3 Million

21.3 Million

\$1,420,000

Why have we proposed Utility and TIF Funding? City Funding- Property Tax Limitations

General Fund Balance						
2015	2016	2017	2018			
\$2,877,933	\$4,730,384	\$6,392,197	\$9,851,063			
Tax Rate History						
2015	2016	2017	2018			
\$1.8795	\$1.997	\$1.999	\$2.0516			
-6.32%	+6.25%	+.07%	+.026%			
Assessed Value History						
2015	2016	2017	2018			
\$1,372,100,311	\$1,341,719,802	\$1,391,035,674	\$1,409,003,003			
+5.28%	-2.21%	+3.68%	+1.30%			

Inflation Rate Past 5 Years- 7.8%

Budget Book Totals

004044		
926,916	\$50,545,983	\$52,847,785
5.93%	-4.5%	+4.5%
	5.93%	

2016	2017	2018	2019
1.0%	1.0%	1.0% + \$500	1.5% + \$500

Why have we proposed Utility and TIF Funding? Circuit Breaker Impact

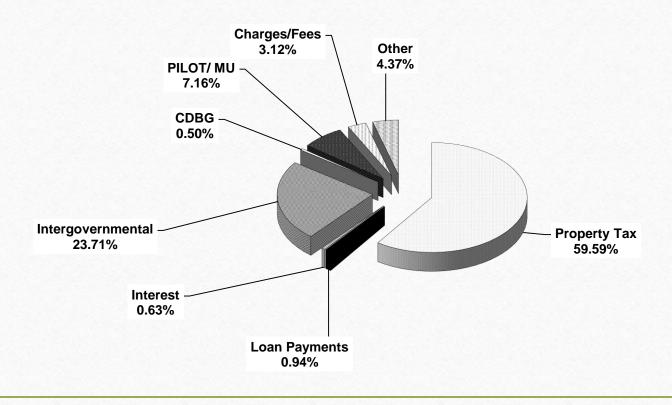
In 2020 our property tax revenue will be reduced an additional \$2.9 million in the General Fund alone.

In 2023, our loss of property tax is estimated at \$10.0 million.

For comparison purposes, our loss in 2018 was \$5.4 million.

As a whole, the City continues to strive to keep budgets flat and payroll costs reasonable, reviews health insurance plans annually for savings and cost reductions....





TIF- Essentially, the only funding mechanism available to Civil City for Capital Improvements outside of a referendum and tax increase

Economic Development- Edison Lakes, St. Joseph Hospital Infrastructure, Beacon Parkway, Veterans Parkway

Infrastructure- Main Street Underpass, Normain Heights Drainage Tunnel, 12th Street Widening Match, <u>UTILITY INVESTMENTS</u>

Quality of Life- Riverwalk Matches, Beutter Park, Central Park, the Mill, Downtown Redevelopment

Mishawaka Utility Rates-Big Picture

- Wastewater- Rate increases already in progress to complete current elements of the long term control plan (no tunnel funding)
- Rates going up in the future will be highly dependent on the further negotiation of the Consent Decree

Mishawaka Utility Rates-Big Picture

- Water- Rate increases already in progress to complete immediate infrastructure needs needed for redundancy and long term growth
- A rate increase is envisioned in a few years to address pressure needs in the northern district based on estimated costs and the projected bidding environment

Mishawaka Utility Rates-Big Picture

- Electric- Renegotiated Purchase power will result in a projected <u>decrease</u> once implemented.
- A short term rate increase will be needed to adjust through the increased costs being passed on by AEP (Transmission costs and True Up costs based on formula)

Why have we proposed Utility and TIF Funding? Mishawaka Utility Rates- Big Picture

- The renegotiated Purchase Power Agreement is projected to save enough to pay for both the consolidation of buildings (16 Million and the first phase of 12KV Capital Needs with no increase)
- Over the next five years, the big picture is that overall Mishawaka Utility rates (all three utilities together) will remain at current approved levels or "flat lined", with a possibility of a slight decrease based on current plans and projects. UPCOMING MEETING

Consideration and Management of Utility Costs

Juggling Act to minimize increases over time!

• Purchase power budgeted 2019: \$48,000,000/year

• Electric Capital needs (12 Kv): \$60,000,000

• Wastewater Current Consent Decree \$160,000,000

Total Cost Over 15 years
 940 Million

• Total Percentage of costs over 15 years- 2.3%



Why not just reduce rates more?

When is the time to invest in City Buildings?

- The documented needs for the Police Station, Mishawaka Utilities Business Office and City Hall are not going away.
- Like fixing your roof, the ideal time to do it is when you have used most of its useful life, the sun is shining, and you have the ability to pay for it.

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- The documented needs for the Police Station, Mishawaka Utilities Business Office and City Hall are not going away.
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Mishawaka Utilities- Civil City Connection

Departments that have direct coordination with Utilities (Above and Beyond):

- Controller*
- Human Resources*
 - Law*
- Information Technology*
 - Engineering*
 - Street Department
 - Planning
 - Mayor's Office

* Utility Pays prorated share of ongoing costs

Mishawaka Utilities- Civil City Connection

TIF Expenditures That Benefit Utility Rates:

- Wastewater- 3.36 Million Dollars Annually
- Over 40 Million Since the Wastewater Plant Expansion in 2004
- Juday Creek Wellfield- Over 4 Million Dollars in direct benefit
- Every TIF Road Expansion- Utilities and Street Lights are extended

Recommendation and Process



Advantages for Purchase Liberty Mutual Building

- Better Serve the public through one larger building in heart of Downtown. Location, Location!
- Planning and Redevelopment Opportunities- more assessed valuation over time
- Creates significant resource by opening up more public parking. Strategic location for larger events
- Moves police from higher value river frontage
- Costs are in line with other options
- If the City doesn't pursue it, building has a likelihood to be vacant for considerable timedifficult to fill
- High Quality Building- Steel, masonry, call center construction well suited for re-use
- More space than immediately needed- will allow for some expansion/growth without building

Other Considerations for Purchase Liberty Mutual Building

- Larger space has a carrying cost for utilities (goal to bring costs down to what we are paying now through renovation)
- Immediate loss of assessed valuation- Replacement by new construction will be greater based on current development trends but will be over the long term
- **Up front cost now-** We know investments will be needed over time, the question is always when to make the expenditure

Project Goals/Recommendation to Proceed

Facilities need to better serve the public!

- Up to date regarding technology and current demands/uses
- Some flexibility to allow for growth and changes over time
- Be as efficient as possible on expenditures
- Create a long term (50 year) solution
- Look at the ability to shape continued redevelopment efforts



Next Steps to allow for purchase

- Redevelopment Commission Meeting
- Planning Commission (Plan Only)
- Common Council (Acquisition List)
- Common Council Information Meetings-
- Common Council (Acquisition List)
- Redevelopment Commission

July 8, 2019

July 9, 2019

July 15, 2019

August 1, 2019

August 5, 2019

August 19, 2019

Next steps if decision is made to purchase

• Finalize Purchase Agreement

• Contract with Architect

Design Meetings-

• Finalize Design Development

Construction Drawings

August 19, 2019

September 2019

October 2019

November, 2019

December 2020

Next steps if decision is made to purchase

- Utility Bond
- Property Closing
- Bidding-
- Start Construction
- Occupancy

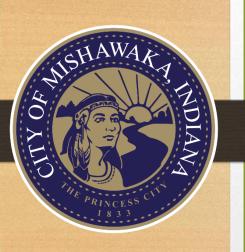
February, 2020

March, 2020

April, 2020

Spring 2020

Spring 2021



Mishawaka City Services Facilities Evaluation

Thank You!

Questions/Comments?